The background of the slide features a light teal color with a white outline map of the United States on the left and West Africa on the right. The map of the United States shows state boundaries, and the map of West Africa shows country boundaries. The text is overlaid on this background.

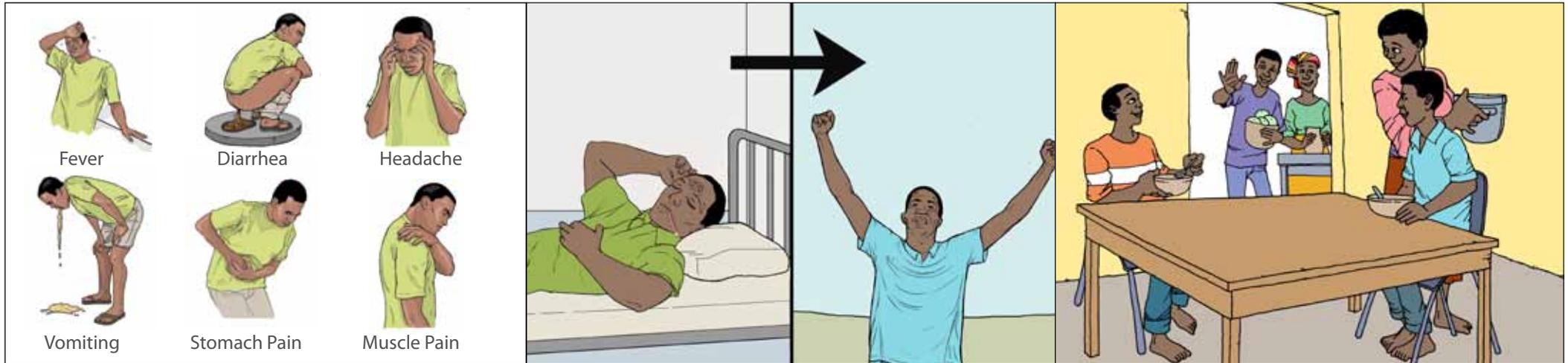
# **What To Know About Ebola**

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**For Guineans Living in the United States**

# Remember these things

1



Ebola can only be spread by someone who has symptoms.

People do survive Ebola. Tell your friends and family to get care early if they develop symptoms – this is the best way to protect themselves, their family, and their community.

Someone who survives Ebola is safe to be around – support your community's survivors.

# Traveling to Guinea

2



Do not travel to Guinea if you don't have to. But if you have to travel to Guinea, protect yourself and others.



If you develop symptoms, call **115**.

# Protect yourself and others

3



Wash their hands often with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand sanitizer.



See a doctor **BEFORE** your trip to get medicine to prevent malaria and other diseases.

# Protect yourself and others

4



Do NOT touch blood and body fluids of others (pee, poop, spit, vomit, semen).

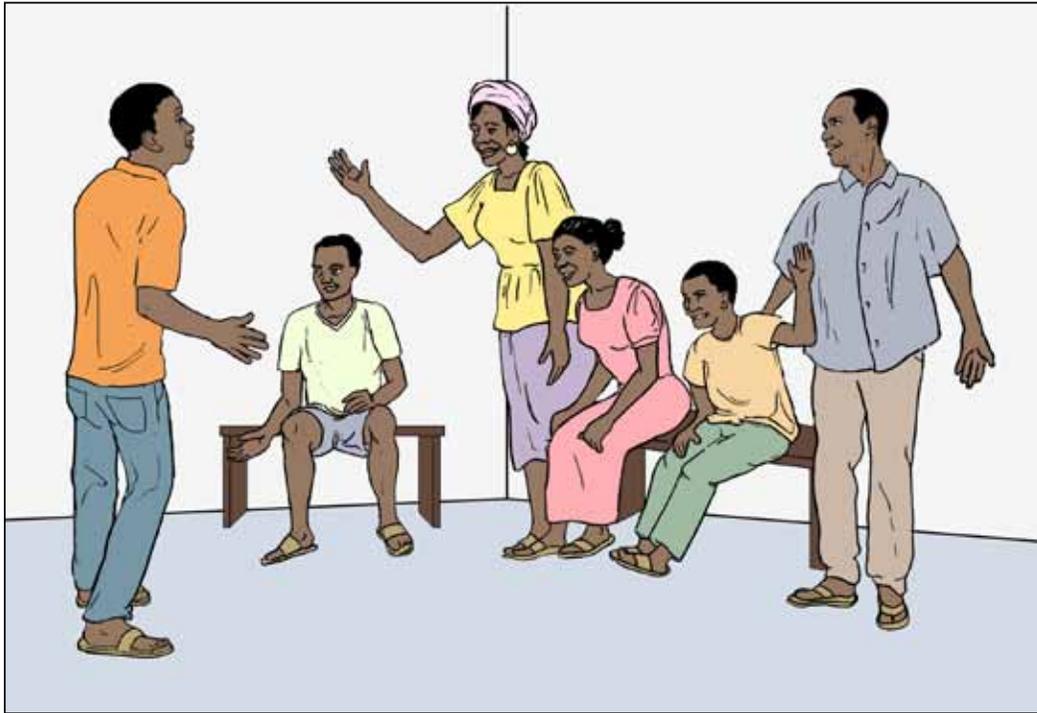


Do NOT touch items that could have a sick person's blood or body fluids on them (bedding, needles, medical tools).



Do NOT touch the body of someone who has died of Ebola.

# Friends or family arriving from Guinea 5



Know that your friends and family members are not a risk as long as they don't have symptoms.

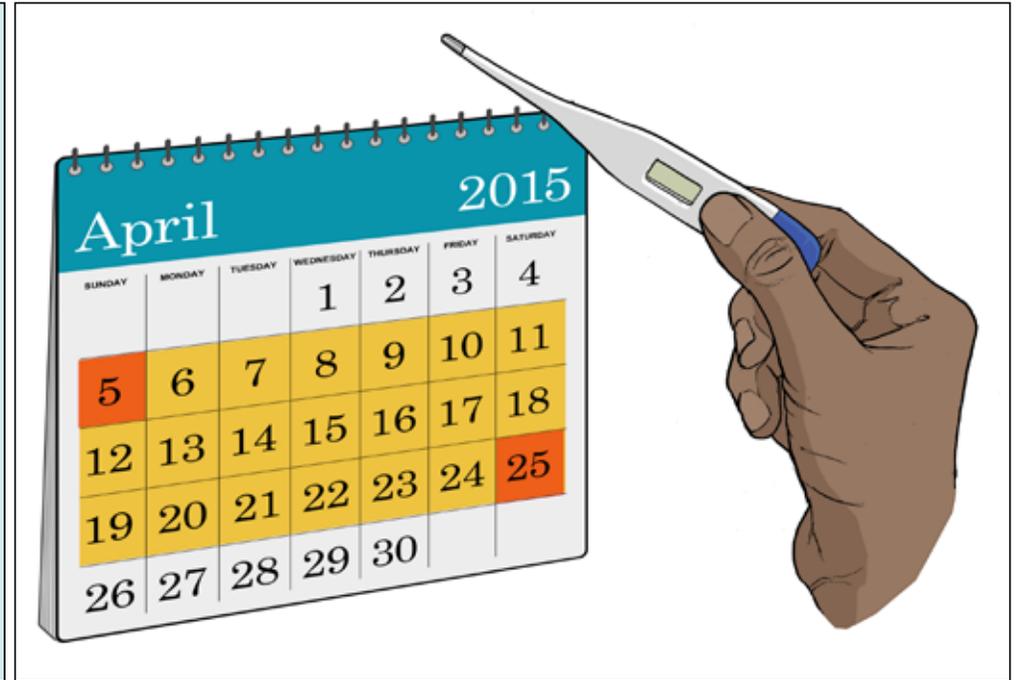


If your friend or family member develops symptoms of Ebola, they need to go the doctor right away.

# Friends or family arriving from Guinea 6



If you have friends or family in Guinea, make sure they know they shouldn't fly if they are sick or have been exposed to Ebola.



Make sure your friends and family know they will be asked to watch for fever and other Ebola symptoms for 21 days once they get here.

# Friends or family arriving from Guinea

7



Don't be afraid to get medical care to protect yourself, your family, and your community.

# If you are from Guinea

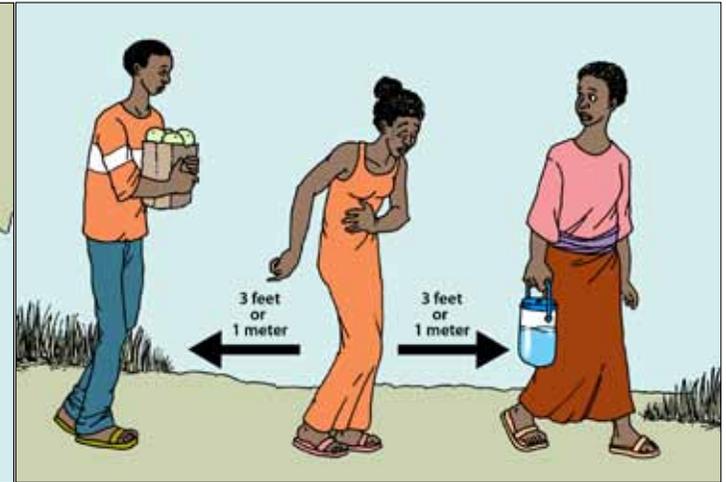
8



It's OK to be afraid of Ebola. This is a scary disease that has hurt a lot of people.



People from West Africa are not more likely to get Ebola than anyone else.



If you have friends or family in Guinea, encourage them to protect themselves.

# Tell your friends from Guinea

9



Wash your hands often with soap and water or an alcohol-based hand sanitizer.



Call 115 if they have symptoms of Ebola.

# Tell your friends from Guinea

10



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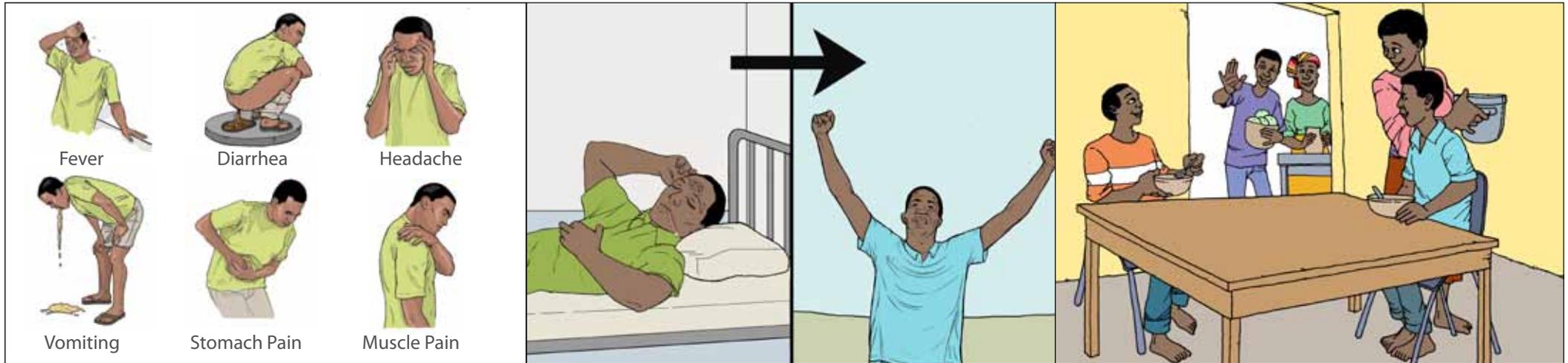
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# Remember these things

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